

There is a need for new ways to connect with customers, to predict demand, manage customer interaction and to find ways to make digital more human.

It is time to devise new customer engagement strategies while prioritising their safety such as proactive and accurate social messaging to communicate measures which have been implemented in order to rebuild trust.

#### Restructuring pricing strategies and delivery models

The businesses have to maintain discipline and remain careful to avoid 'reducing price trends' that happen when organisations push sales using flexible return polices, terms and conditions, providing additional services etc. to increase overall value proposition. Wherever there are opportunities to increase prices, leaders should consider the long-term brand impact of such moves.

#### New pricing and delivery practices:

Organisations are reconsidering current customer and pricing strategies, current delivery models and service plans, including supply chain infrastructure and restructuring. Yes, we have to reconsider pricing strategies and delivery models considering customers' changed behaviour so that consumption rebounds

Reconsidering pricing strategies

71%

Considering impact on current delivery models

83%

#### **Building sales muscle is a necessity:**

Respondents feel that they are building sales muscle through periodic communication with the sales force around what the organisation is doing and are also geared up to support their needs.

Source: KPMG in India's COVID-19 risk assessment survey

Yes, we are preparing our sales muscle to combat changed market scenario

Building sales muscle

83%

The virus might disappear, but innovations will stay and reap benefits in the future.

## 3 Reinventing supply chain

The cascading effects of COVID-19 pandemic on operations are very difficult to assess, but businesses need to begin aligning their operations and supply chain with changing ways of the new world.

Across several industries, operations have suffered the most due to the lockdown, impact of which will continue to be felt in the months to come

Moreover, nearly 52% of the respondents feel that their production is likely to be severely impacted. Due to the lockdown, domestic and international supply chain ecosystems have suffered badly. The widely expected slowdown will have

an unemployment impact with reverse migration, putting many industries in jeopardy in India.

Furthermore, organisations have struggled with maintaining high levels of workforce productivity. Respondents are reassessing their production strategies and supply chain and embracing better ways of functioning in the new normal.

#### **Key areas**

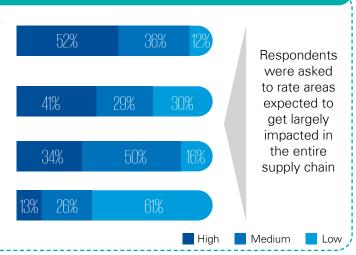
Lockdown and migration would impact labour availability the most, which is expected to severely affect supply chains

Next in line stands raw material manufacturers dependent on cross-border suppliers who will find it difficult to resume supplies

Availability of labour will also be reflected in availability of sub-contractors

On a positive note, inter-plant dependencies may not be a key concern area

Source: KPMG in India's COVID-19 risk assessment survey



#### Participants' profile — COVID-19 Risk assessment survey



respondents are already evaluating new ways of working for staff. They believe revised 'Environment Health and Safety (EHS)' protocols and social distancing will define the new normal



respondents have started looking for alternative/back-up suppliers for their key materials owing to severe restrictions. However, nearly 69% of them also feel the need to support the existing suppliers by keeping the feedback channel live, understanding their challenges and helping them restructure



respondents have created an alternative source/back-up option for materials. Corporate India seems to have de-risked itself well by maintaining a multi-supplier base



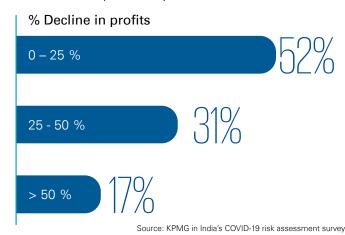
## 4 Addressing liquidity and profitability concerns

COVID-19 has caused extreme volatility due to major re-structuring and re-positioning in global markets resulting from dipping revisions of economic growth expectations, magnified risk universe, coupled with soaring uncertainty in future development. It is now that India has elevated its fiscal policies and economic reforms to help cope with growing financial distress.

This pandemic has been characterised by longer containment, worsening financial markets and breakdown in supply chain, thereby impacting revenue, inventory accumulation, stress on cashflows and high cost for maintaining liquidity. This has led organisations to a predicament of prioritising between short term liquidity and long- term profitability. The organisations also have to balance it with investment in upcoming technologies, digitalisation, upskilling workforce etc.

#### **Impact on profits**

Organisations have clearly predicted the impact that COVID-19 might have on organisations' profitability over the near term





### Immediate financial and liquidity issues stand as a major concern for organisations

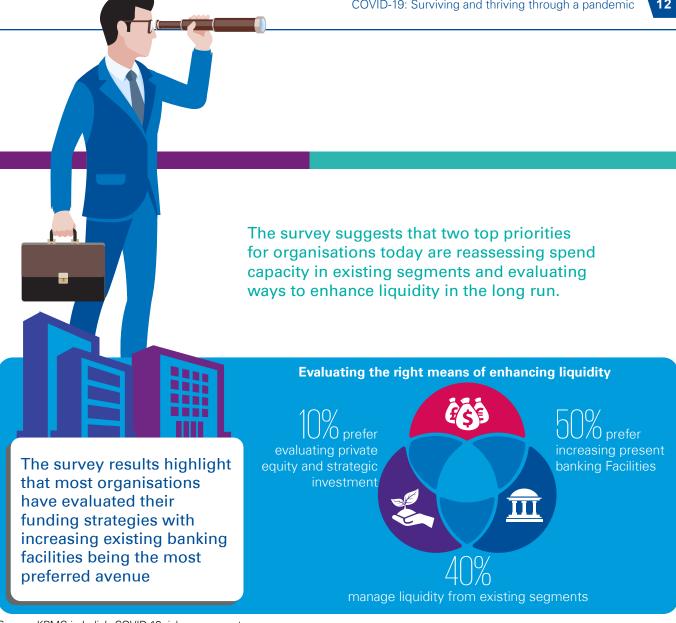
The organisations need to work on identifying revenue streams and perform scenario modelling. Organisations will have to focus on Asset Liability Management (ALM) and perform 'Stress testing' to evaluate its impact on profitability and cash flows

71%

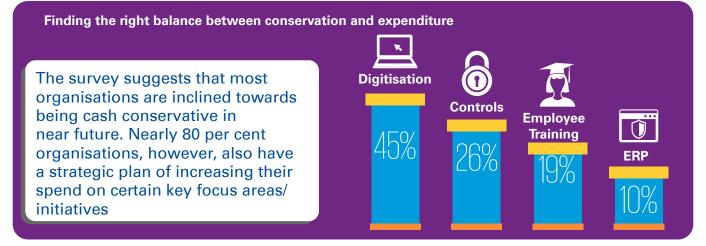
Organisations have already identified revenue streams at risk and also adopted a strategy to minimise the resultant impact

68%

Organisations have performed scenario modelling including re-evaluating various financial projections to assess effects on cost and revenue



Source: KPMG in India's COVID-19 risk assessment survey



Source: KPMG in India's COVID-19 risk assessment survey

Apart from short term influence on cash flows, additional liquidity drain is expected over a medium term especially on account of roll-over rates, delayed payments, increased defaults etc.

## 5 | Focusing on people and society

People are anxious about the present and the future, on both health and economics. Employee health, safety and mental well-being are important pillars for sustenance and growth. For organisations, it is becoming increasingly important to show up in times of crisis, by supporting their people.

Workforce is the backbone of every organisation. When organisations safeguard their people, they safeguard their future. The first-hand perspective of leaders from different industries in India on the impact of COVID-19 on its people, revealed that majority of them have started working towards identifying, developing and communicating working strategy to align with the new normal. However, they have to work towards conducting capacity/skills analysis over medium to long term, which would support in value creation.



#### **Health and safety**

89%

of the respondents have developed and communicated a working strategy as relevant during the lockdown period and beyond, including remote working options and protecting the health of their staff working on-site

84%

of the respondents have set up protocols, guidelines and helpdesks to inform employees of the latest news/updates relating to COVID-19

80%

identified a management team to monitor the spread and progress of the pandemic, across all geographical areas

03%

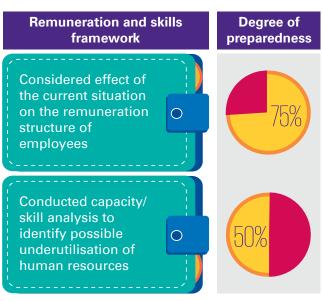
reviewed health considerations and insurance coverage for their employees

Source: KPMG in India's COVID-19 risk assessment survey

Building trust and empathy extends from employees to society at large. Leaders and managers need to extend support, stand together, be empathetic and ensure transparency and clarity in communication with employees

#### Workforce resilience

While many organisations considered the effects of current situation on the remuneration structure of employees, they still need to pay considerable attention to capacity/skill analysis. It is time to identify critical roles with high exposure to infection (their business continuity/succession plan in case of a worst scenario), job rotation for replaceable categories and identifying roles which can be permanently work from home.

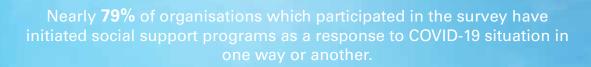


Source: KPMG in India's COVID-19 risk assessment survey

#### Support in nation building

Organisations need to evaluate their responsibility towards society at large which can help them manoeuvre these never seen before times. This starts from providing safe working environment to its employees, who are first brand ambassadors and extends to network of customers, vendors and society at large. Social media messaging strategy around employee safety helps in creating and building trust across all spheres.

Many organisations have initiated support programs for the society. Also, there is lot of scope for corporate social innovations.



Effective and efficient people-focused solutions can play a huge role in helping individual organisations find their way out of this crisis. Reinvention can generate a steep learning curve resulting in establishment of a culture of trust, mitigating people risk, upskilling capabilities, introducing smart work, remote ways of working, exploring new avenues for sustenance and growth; and changing the face of corporate resilience.

## 6 | Technology - An eye on the future

There was a massive and unexpected surge to enable remote working of employees resulting in added pressure on existing technology infrastructure. The organisations have accelerated their efforts in this direction but there is still a big opportunity to do more.

#### **Technology landscape**

The technology landscape is looking promising as it tends to move towards the new normal. However, with changing environment, cyber criminals are exploiting COVID disruption and attempting cyber-attacks in new work from home scenario. They are using the increased digital footprint and traffic to find vulnerabilities.

respondents assessed
the technology landscape for
of the following of technology
of enablement and capacity to
allow remote working at the
current productivity levels

respondents have started working on critical authentication controls for user access/physical access enabled and assessed for offsite locations to accommodate the

Source: KPMG in India's COVID-19 risk assessment survey

workforce at alternate locations

#### **Cyber security**

The organisations need to tackle increased risks of cybersecurity breaches and malware attacks, now that more people are working from home are vulnerable to frauds in businesses.

76%

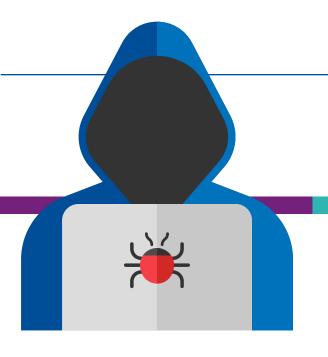
Respondents are working towards developing processes to report cybersecurity incidents and are sensitising employees regularly on handling cyber incidents.



Source: KPMG in India's COVID-19 risk assessment survey

Social engineering tactics are even more effective on distracted and vulnerable workforce. Fraudsters are aware of new ways of hacking.

Organisations need to be resilient in the face of this storm to fight unparalled cyber security challenges



Aligning business goals with security needs and evolving security teams need to be the focus, empowered with a wave of governance and automating security functions

#### **Business continuity**

Many organisations did not envisage disruption of this kind. Business continuity plans require changes now more than ever, owing to continuously evolving challenges and to combat such large-scale disruptions in future.

Respondents are revisiting business continuity and IT disaster recovery plans in case of disruption of services

#### **Digital transformation - forcing positive changes**

Digital trust and consumer authentication are required by organisations to become resilient. The organisations need to accelerate digital investments to serve customers and employees, leveraging models such as machine learning and optimum utilisation of human resources and thus help in long-term value preservation.

Also, there is new era of cyber security and security leaders are forced to transform accelerate initiatives around that.

76%

considered the potential of digital transformation as part of a response to COVID-19.

The priority areas of focus for digital transformation are cost reduction, efficiency and cyber security

Source: KPMG in India's COVID-19 risk assessment survey



It is extremely important to develop long term technology strategies and better prepare for future disruptions

## 7 Agility of governance, risk and compliance

The unprecedented times today are marked by uncertainty. Organisations feel the need to frequently monitor emerging risks and strategise to minimise adverse consequences to ensure continuity and viability.

Businesses need to reimagine the dynamics of risk monitoring and governance.

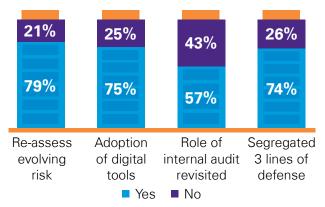
Thresholds that were previously configured in the 'business as usual' environment hold limited relevance today.

As businesses increasingly adopt 'work-from-home', data leakage incidents are more likely than ever. Businesses need to reassess the reputation risks that they face and work on managing them as part of their risk management framework and remain resilient. Sustainable profits arise from high standards of corporate behaviour.

#### **Key priorities in the wake of COVID-19**

The survey highlighted following four key priorities for organisations within the governance framework. Respondents placed high emphasis on reassessment of evolving risks

Organisations have also begun to adopt digitalisation as an effective measure towards developing a robust risk-assessment approach.



Source: KPMG in India's COVID-19 risk assessment survey



#### Leaders are working on reinventing risk and governance frameworks

79%

respondents have opined that they have re-assessed the key enterprise risks that impact organisation's strategy and business continuity



#### Need to reassess emerging risks

The emerging risk during a pandemic may change the entire dynamics of risk monitoring and governance as business risks may not be properly visualised

In an attempt to stay resilient, respondents are prioritising key risks' assessment and coming up with mitigation measures.

75%

respondents feel the need for adoption of digital tools/initiatives (e.g. Analytics, Workflow based applications) to monitor key risks and their mitigation



#### **Evaluate use of technology**

Organisations today feel the need to follow holistic and novel approaches in dealing with the emerging risk landscape. However, they are not yet completely aligned to adopting technology-based solutions for business monitoring and risk mitigation.

57%

respondents have opined that they have revisited role of internal audit to include new risks that matter (e.g. workforce, remote working, liquidity, operations etc.) organisations



#### **Revisit internal audit plans**

Organisations have gone beyond the scope of traditional internal audit plans during the pandemic onslaught. They have assessed and are coming to terms with new areas to be reviewed using COVID-19 lens

74%

respondents have opined that they have clearly defined and segregated their 'lines of defense'



#### Strengthen the three lines of defense

Despite the emphasis being on business operations and continuance, organisations have expressed the need for stringent lines of defense and their integration with business operations during and post lockdown.

## Adapting to a new world order

Recover



**Revive** 





We are entering a new phase of COVID-19 pandemic where organisations are resuming their operations and are gearing up for this new phase. This transitional period will call for organisations to remain agile and act fast in re-inventing and implementing strategies and operational models.

It is now crucial for business leaders to come up with specific and detailed launch map in order to address key challenges across the value chain. We have enumerated some key takeaways for organisations to consider while formulating their relaunch plans.

#### Strategy and growth

- Revisit the strategies for both short and long-term starting with focus on sustenance and shifting gradually towards growth
- Undertake careful market assessment to identify new market entrants, competition strategies etc.
- Prepare to tackle a price war by diversifying portfolio/ pricing.

#### **Customers**

- Build customer trust on safety measures
- Differentiate demands based on micro markets.
- Maintain pricing discipline to prevent downward trend of prices and assess pricing strategies and delivery models. Innovate ways of working and establishing new partnerships/alliances
- Explore and leverage digital offerings and marketing with contactless processes, virtual tours, etc. Human angle to digitalisation is the key
- Identify and stay close to the best customers and enhance customer base by building strategy across sectors and geographies.

#### **Production and operations**

- Secure supply chain resilience by ensuring availability of material. Find alternative sources and establish continuous communication with vendors
- Focus on ramping up production with available labour and planning shifts appropriately
- Strengthen ability to anticipate and cater to demands by end-to-end visibility on the supply chain ecosystem
- Digitalise supply network using technologies such as IoT, AI, robotics etc. to be an integral part of strategy and business continuity.

# Never let a good crisis go to waste Source: best quotations.com -Winston Churchill

#### Strategise: Think on your feet

Vocal for local

Look for new customers, vendors and alliances with shifting focus on 'self – reliance'.

#### **Emerging tech wave**

Digitalisation seeping into almost every critical business aspect provides a huge impetus to tech and allied industries.

### Think beyond obvious: Food for thought

Personal mobility v/s public transport

Expected increase in demand for personal vehicles owing to safety perception, making it critical for auto players to stay aligned.



#### People and society

- Control workplace access and conditions to ensure adequate employee safety
- Revaluate strategic workforce planning, including remote workforce planning
- Ensure agile leadership with transparent communication
- Develop communication strategy across mediums including social media
- Revisit corporate social responsibility (CSR) initiatives to be taken up in the pandemic scenario.

#### Liquidity and profitability

- Evaluate cash position (current/near future) and determine beneficial modes of funding
- Ensure continuous focus on spend to maintain balance between financial standing and criticality.
   Organisations need to look for avenues of sustainable cost reduction and a fundamental cost reset
- Assess if it is possible to take advantage of additional liquidity being pumped into the system by the RBI and the GOI in the form of economic stimulus packages
- Conduct scenario analysis of liquidity and profitability for better preparedness.

#### **Technology**

- Revisit digital strategy. Visualise existing operations in digital format, re-prioritise and expedite digital transformation initiatives to enable resilience and establish digital channels for users/consumers
- Enhance cyber-security measures with significant focus on awareness in order to avoid breach/fraud
- Work on rapid adoption of cloud-based technologies, automation/collaboration platforms and data analytics
- Focus on crisis response and business continuity planning.

#### Governance, risk and compliance

- Revisit ERM framework explore advanced riskmanagement tools like dynamic risk assessment
- Adopt technology-enabled risk monitoring solutions such as continuous control monitoring through digitalisation
- Identify new areas for audit based on emerging risks



#### Initiatives to address liquidity concerns

Calibrated measures have been taken under the recent stimulus packages announced to infuse liquidity into the economy. Organisations will have to make the most of moratorium extensions, increased borrowing limits, extended remittance windows etc. to tackle their liquidity concerns.

The RBI has increased banks' borrowing limit under Marginal Standing Facility (MSF) scheme allowing additional infusion of INR1,37,000 crore at reduced rates

Source: 'Statement on Developmental and Regulatory Policies', Press Release by Reserve Bank of India on March 27, 2020/ accessed on May 25, 2020

#### Integrate governance with business

Map governance with growing business challenges. Organisation level controls to critically assess threats and risks and mandatory reporting to avoid facing business disruption.

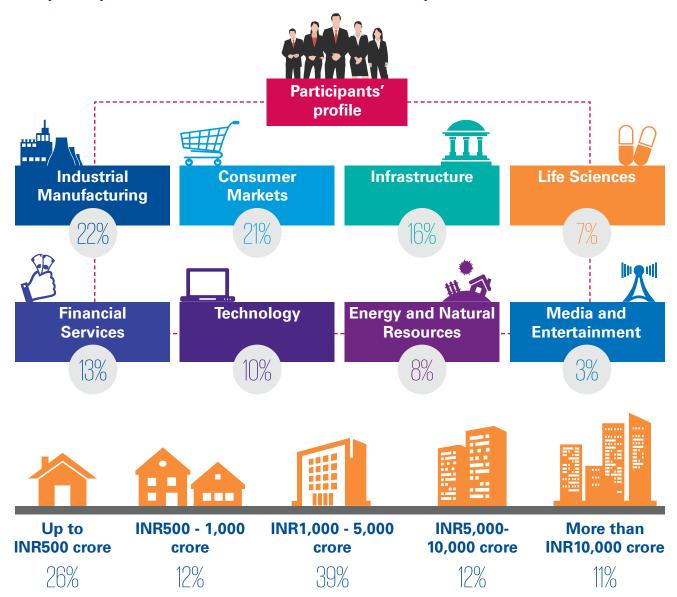
# Methodology

This report has been put together basis the results of COVID-19 risk assessment survey conducted by KPMG in India wherein 240 organisations across industries have participated. The survey was conducted between 5 May and 22 May 2020.

These participants were key managerial personnel (KMPs) from eight industries namely, consumer markets, industrial manufacturing, financial services, energy and natural resources, life sciences, infrastructure, media and entertainment; and technology.

The survey questions were designed to assess the preparedness of the participants across seven themes namely, liquidity and profitability, people and society, governance and compliance, strategy and growth, customers, technology and production and operations

#### Participants' profile — COVID-19 Risk assessment survey



# Acknowledgement

#### Report authors

#### **Ashish Aul**

Partner and Co-Head Governance, Risk and Compliance Services aaul@kpmg.com

#### Vijay Chawla

Partner and Co-Head Governance, Risk and Compliance Services vschawla@kpmg.com

#### **Harkishan Bhatia**

Partner Governance, Risk and Compliance Services harkishanbhatia@kpmg.com

#### Saurabh Tripathi

Director
Governance, Risk and Compliance Services
stripathi@kpmg.com

#### Deepika Lubdhani

Associate Director Governance, Risk and Compliance Services deepikal@kpmg.com

#### **Chandrachud Raval**

Associate Director Governance, Risk and Compliance Services chandrachud@kpmg.com

#### Avneesh Hegde

Manager Governance, Risk and Compliance Services avneeshhegde@kpmg.com

#### **Contributors**

Sanchit Dave

Abhi Vyas

Rajan Jain

Isham Mahajan

Manish

Bhavya Nagpal

#### **Brand and compliance**

Nisha Fernandes

Rahil Uppal

Shilpa Bhoir

Satyam Nagwekar

## Notes

11000	





IN OUR ABILITY TO TRIUMPH OVER
ANYTHING IN OUR SPIRIT OF
UNDYING ENTHUSIASM OUR DRIVE
TO ACHIEVE THE EXTRAORDINARY
UNMOVED BY FEAR OR CONSTRAINT
WE'RE DRIVEN BY JOSH AND IT SHOWS

### KPMG in India contacts

#### **Akhilesh Tuteja**

#### **Partner and Head**

Risk Consulting KPMG in India E: atuteja@kpmg.com

#### **Ashish Aul**

#### **Partner and Co-Head**

Governance, Risk and Compliance Services KPMG in India E: aaul@kpmg.com

#### Vijay Chawla

#### **Partner and Co-Head**

Governance, Risk and Compliance Services KPMG in India E: vschawla@kpmg.com

home.kpmg/in



#### Follow us on: home.kpmg/in/socialmedia











The information contained herein is of a general nature and is not intended to address the circumstances of any particular individual or entity. Although we endeavour to provide accurate and timely information, there can be no guarantee that such information is accurate as of the date it is received or that it will continue to be accurate in the future. No one should act on such information without appropriate professional advice after a thorough examination of the particular situation.

© 2020 KPMG, an Indian Registered Partnership and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative ("KPMG International"), a Swiss entity. All rights reserved.

The KPMG name and logo are registered trademarks or trademarks of KPMG International.

This document is meant for e-communication only. (017\_THL0620\_RU\_SB)