

ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸರ್ಕಾರ

ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ:ಆಇ 301 ವೆಚ್ಚ-12/2022

(ಇ-ಆಫೀಸ್ ಕಡತ)

ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಸಚಿವಾಲಯ

ವಿಧಾನ ಸೌಧ

ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು, ದಿನಾಂಕ:24.06.2022

ಅಧಿಸೂಚನೆ

2022-23ನೇ ಶೈಕ್ಷಣಿಕ ಸಾಲಿಗೆ ಅಲ್ಪಸಂಖ್ಯಾತರ ಮೊರಾರ್ಜಿ ದೇಸಾಯಿ ವಸತಿ ಶಾಲೆ, ಮೊರಾರ್ಜಿ ದೇಸಾಯಿ ವದವಿ ಪೂರ್ವ ವಸತಿ ಕಾಲೇಜು, ಸರ್ಕಾರಿ ಮುಸ್ಲಿಂ ವಸತಿ ಶಾಲೆ ಹಾಗೂ ನವೋದಯ ಮಾದರಿ ವಸತಿ ಶಾಲೆಗಳ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಬಾಲಕರಿಗೆ ಶುಚಿ ಸಂಭ್ರಮ ಕಿಟ್ ರೂ.94/- ಹಾಗೂ ಬಾಲಕಿಯರಿಗೆ ನಿರ್ಮಲ ಕಿಟ್‌ಗಳನ್ನು ರೂ.114/- ರಂತೆ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸೋಪ್ಸ್ ಅಂಡ್ ಡಿಟರ್ಜೆಂಟ್ಸ್ ಲಿಮಿಟೆಡ್ (KS&DL) ರವರಿಂದ ಒಟ್ಟಾರೆ ರೂ.3,29,72,880/-ಗಳ ವೆಚ್ಚದಲ್ಲಿ ನೇರವಾಗಿ ಖರೀದಿಸಲು ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕ ಸಂಗ್ರಹಣೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಪಾರದರ್ಶಕತೆ ಅಧಿನಿಯಮ-1999 ರ ಕಲಂ 4(ಬಿ) ರಡಿ ಪ್ರದತ್ತವಾದ ಅಧಿಕಾರ ಚಲಾಯಿಸಿ, ಅಲ್ಪಸಂಖ್ಯಾತರ ಕಲ್ಯಾಣ, ಹೆಚ್ ಮತ್ತು ವರ್ಕ್ ಇಲಾಖೆಗೆ ಪಾರದರ್ಶಕತೆ ಕಾಯ್ದೆಯಿಂದ ವಿನಾಯಿತಿ ನೀಡಿದೆ.

ಉತ್ತಮ ಗುಣಮಟ್ಟದ ಸೇವೆಯನ್ನು ಸಮಂಜಸ ದರದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಗ್ರಹಿಸುವುದನ್ನು ಅಲ್ಪಸಂಖ್ಯಾತರ ಕಲ್ಯಾಣ, ಹೆಚ್ ಮತ್ತು ವರ್ಕ್ ಇಲಾಖೆಯು ದೃಢಪಡಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದು.

ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ರಾಜ್ಯಪಾಲರ ಆಜ್ಞಾನುಸಾರ

ಮತ್ತು ಅವರ ಹೆಸರಿನಲ್ಲಿ

(ಕಾಂತಮ್ಮ ಎನ್.ಎಂ.)

ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಅಧೀನ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ

ಆರ್ಥಿಕ ಇಲಾಖೆ (ಸಂಗ್ರಹಣಾ ಕೋಶ)

PR-836

KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY REGULATORY COMMISSION

No. 16, C-1, Miller Tank Bed Area, Vasanthanagar, Bengaluru-560 052.

Notification No. KERC-1-Con-2022-23/644, Bengaluru, dated 11.08.2022
Draft Karnataka Electricity Regulatory Commission (Terms and Conditions for Green
Energy Open Access) Regulations, 2022

PREAMBLE:

Government of India (GoI) has set an ambitious target of becoming carbon neutral nation by 2070. In order to become a carbon neutral nation, GoI has set a target to install RE capacity of 500GW by 2030. Thus, to promote and facilitate installation of RE, Ministry of Power (MoP), in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) read with clause (z) of sub-section (2) of section 176 of the Electricity Act, 2003 (Act 36 of 2003), has issued the Electricity (Promoting Renewable Energy

Through Green Energy Open Access) Rules, 2022 for bringing in regulatory certainty and ease in providing Open Access to the RE-generators/consumers.

The Commission, in exercise of the power conferred under Section 86(1)(e) which envisages promotion of co-generation and generation of electricity from renewable sources of energy, by providing suitable measures for connectivity with the grid and sale of electricity to any person, read with Sections 181, 39(2)(d), 40(c), 42(2,3), 86(1)(c) of the Electricity Act, 2003 and all other powers enabling in this behalf, makes the following draft Regulations, namely the Karnataka Electricity Regulatory Commission (Terms and Conditions for Green Energy Open Access) Regulations, 2022, duly considering the Electricity (Promoting Renewable Energy Through Green Energy Open Access) Rules, 2022 issued by the MoP. Further, in order to bring regulatory uniformity across the States, the banking facilities are proposed to be modified in accordance with the said Rules issued by the MoP.

In terms of Section 181(3) of EA,2003, the draft Regulations is hereby notified for information of all the persons likely to be affected and Notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration for finalising the amendments, after 30 days from the date of publication in the Official Gazette. The stakeholders and interested persons may file their objections/suggestions/views on the proposed draft within 30 days from the date of publication to:

**The Secretary,
Karnataka Electricity Regulatory Commission
No. 16, C-1, Millers Tank Bed Area, Vasantha Nagar,
Bengaluru, 560 052, Karnataka, India
E-mail : kerc-ka@nic.in Phone : 080 - 22268675/677**

DRAFT REGULATIONS

1. Short Title and commencement. –

- i. These Regulations shall be called the Karnataka Electricity Regulatory Commission (Terms and Conditions for Green Energy Open Access(GEOA)) Regulations, 2022.
- ii. These Regulations shall come into force from the date of publication in the Official Gazette of Karnataka.
- iii. These Regulations shall be applicable for allowing Open Access to electricity generated from Renewable Energy Sources, for use of Intra-State Transmission System/s (InSTS) and/or distribution system/s of licensee/s in the State, including such Intra-State Transmission and/or distribution system/s, which are incidental to Inter-State Transmission of electricity.

2. Definitions

In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires –

- a. "Act" means the Electricity Act, 2003 (36 of 2003)
- b. "Central Nodal Agency" means a Central Nodal Agency as notified by the Central Government to set up and operate a single window green energy open access system for renewable energy.
- c. "Commission" means the Karnataka Electricity Regulatory Commission.
- d. "Consumer" means any person who has contract demand or sanctioned load of 100 kW or more, (captive consumers shall not have any load limit) who is supplied with electricity from RE sources for his own use by a licensee or the Government or by any other person engaged in the business of supplying electricity to the public under this Act or any other law for the time being in force and includes any person whose premises are for the time being connected for the purpose of receiving renewable energy with the works of a licensee, the Government or such other person, as the case may be;
- e. "Existing Consumer" means a person already availing open access for sourcing/supplying renewable energy to the transmission system and/or distribution system of a licensee in the State under an existing agreement or GoK policy on the date of coming into force of these Regulations.
- f. "Forum of Regulators" means the Forum as referred to in sub-section (2) of section 166 of the Act.
- g. "Renewable Energy" means the electrical energy from renewable sources of energy including hydro, pumped storage hydro generation, Energy Storage Systems using entire electricity generated from renewable energy for charging or any other technology as may be notified by the Government of India from time to time and shall also include any mechanism that utilises green energy to replace fossil fuels including production of green hydrogen or green ammonia;
- h. "Installation" means the whole of electric wires, fittings, motors and apparatus installed and wired by or on behalf of the Consumer on one and the same premises starting from the point of commencement of supply.
- i. "KER Act" means Karnataka Electricity Reform Act, 1999.
- j. "SLDC" means the State Load Dispatch Centre established under sub-section (1) of section 31 of the Act.
- k. "Open Access" means the non-discriminatory provision for the use of transmission lines or distribution system or associated facilities with such lines or system by any licensee or consumer or a person engaged in generation in accordance with the Regulations specified by the Appropriate Commission.

- l. "Person" shall include any company or body corporate or association or body of individuals, whether incorporated or not, or artificial juridical person;
- m. "Premises" includes any land, building or structure;
- n. "State Transmission Utility" means the Board or the Government company specified as such by the State Government under sub-section (1) of section 39 of the Act;
- o. "Wheeling" means the operation whereby the distribution system and associated facilities of a transmission licensee or distribution licensee, as the case may be, are used by another person for the conveyance of electricity on payment of charges to be determined under section 62 of the Act;

Words and expressions used and not defined in these Regulations but defined in the Act or the KER Act, shall have the meanings assigned to them in the said Acts. In case of any inconsistency in words and expressions between the Act and the KER Act, the provisions of the Act shall prevail.

3. Criteria for allowing GEOA

- i. The long-term GEOA shall be allowed in accordance with the transmission planning criteria and distribution planning code stipulated in the State Grid Code.
- ii. The Short-Term/Medium Term open access shall be allowed, if the request can be accommodated, by utilizing
 - a. Inherent design margins
 - b. Margins available due to variation in power flows and
 - c. Margins available due to in-built spare transmission system capacity and/or distribution system capacity created to cater to future load growth;

4. Categorization of Open Access:

The open access consumers shall be classified into the following categories based on the duration of use of the intra- state transmission and/or distribution system:

- i. Long-term Open Access consumers- persons availing or intending to avail the open access for a period equal to or more than five years.
- ii. Medium-term Open Access consumers- persons availing or intending to avail the open access for a period more than one year and less than 5 years.
- iii. Short-term Open Access consumers- persons availing or intending to avail the open access for a period of one year or less.